

แบบฝึกหัดชุดที่ 3

อนุพันธ์ของฟังก์ชันอดิศัย

1. จงหาอนุพันธ์ของฟังก์ชันต่อไปนี้ (ฟังก์ชันเอกซ์โพเนนเชียลและฟังก์ชันลอการิทึม)

$$(1) \quad y = \ln(7x^3 - x + 2) \quad \left[\frac{21x^2 - 1}{7x^3 - x + 2} \right]$$

$$(2) \quad y = \ln \sqrt[3]{\frac{x-1}{x}} \quad \left[\frac{1}{3x(x-1)} \right]$$

$$(3) \quad y = \ln(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}) \quad \left[-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x(x+1)}} \right]$$

$$(4) \quad y = \ln(x^2 \sqrt{4-x^2}) \quad \left[\frac{16-7x^3}{2x(4-x^3)} \right]$$

$$(5) \quad y = \ln(\sqrt{x^2-1} - \sqrt{2x-6}) \quad \left[\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1} - \sqrt{2x-6}} \right) \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-6}} \right) \right]$$

$$(6) \quad y = \log(3x) \quad \left[\frac{1}{x \ln 10} \right]$$

$$(7) \quad y = \log_5(x^3 + 2x) \quad \left[\frac{3x^2 + 2}{(x^3 + 2x) \ln 5} \right]$$

$$(8) \quad y = \ln(4x-5) \quad \left[\frac{4}{4x-5} \right]$$

$$(9) \quad y = \ln \sqrt{3-x^2} \quad \left[\frac{x}{x^2-3} \right]$$

$$(10) \quad y = (\ln x)^2 \quad \left[\frac{2 \ln x}{x} \right]$$

$$(11) \quad y = \ln(x^2 + x - 1)^3 \quad \left[\frac{6x+3}{x^2+x-1} \right]$$

$$(12) \quad y = x \ln x - x \quad [\ln x]$$

$$(13) \quad y = \ln \left(\frac{x}{1+x^2} \right) \quad \left[\frac{1-x^2}{x(1+x^2)} \right]$$

$$(14) \quad y = \frac{\ln x^2}{x^2} \quad \left[\frac{2-4 \ln x}{x^3} \right]$$

$$(15) \quad y = \sqrt{\ln x} \quad \left[\frac{1}{2x\sqrt{\ln x}} \right]$$

$$(16) \quad y = x^3 \ln(3-2x) \quad \left[-\frac{2x^3}{3-2x} + 3x^2 \ln(3-2x) \right]$$

$$(17) \quad y = (x^2+1)[\ln(x^2+1)]^2 \quad \left[4x \ln(x^2+1) + 2x [\ln(x^2+1)]^2 \right]$$

$$(18) \quad y = \frac{x^2}{1+\ln x} \quad \left[\frac{x(1+2 \ln x)}{(1+\ln x)^2} \right]$$

$$(19) \quad y = \ln(x^2+4) \quad \left[\frac{2x}{x^2+4} \right]$$

$$(20) \quad y = \ln(3x^2-7x^3) \sqrt{5x^2+8x} \quad \left[\frac{18x-21}{3x^2-7x} + \frac{10x+8}{10x^2+16x} \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(21) \ y = \ln(\log 3x^2) & \left[\frac{2}{x \ln 10 \log 3x^2} \right] \\
(22) \ y = \ln\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right) & \left[\frac{1-x^2}{x(1+x^2)} \right] \\
(23) \ y = \log\left(\ln \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{3x^4}}\right) & \left[\frac{1}{x \ln 10 \ln \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{3x^4}}} \right] \\
(24) \ y = \ln^7(3x^2 - 6x) & \left[\frac{7(6x-6)\ln^6(3x^2-6x)}{3x^2-6x} \right] \\
(25) \ y = \log \sqrt{\frac{8x^4-6x^3}{x^7}} & \left[\frac{(32x^3-18x^2)}{2(\ln 10) \cdot (8x^4-6x^3)} - \frac{7}{2x \ln 10} \right] \\
(26) \ y = \frac{\ln(x^2-3x)}{x^3} & \left[\frac{x^{-3}(2x-3)}{(x^2-3x)} - 3x^{-4} \ln(x^2-3x) \right] \\
(27) \ y = e^{e^{2x}} & \left[2^{e^{e^{2x}}} e^{e^{2x}} e^{2x} \right] \\
(28) \ y = \ln \frac{e^{2x}+3}{3-2e^{7x}} & \left[\frac{2e^{2x}}{e^{2x}+3} + \frac{14e^{7x}}{3-2e^{7x}} \right] \\
(29) \ y = e^{2x} \log 3x^2 & \left[\frac{2e^{2x}}{x \ln 10} + \log 3x^2 e^{2x} 2x \right] \\
(30) \ y = e^{\log_5 x} & \left[\frac{e^{\log_5 x}}{x \ln 5} \right] \\
(31) \ y = x^{2x} \cdot e^{-3x} & \left[-3x^{2x} e^{-3x} + 2x^{2x} e^{-3x} + 2x^{2x} \ln x \right] \\
(32) \ y = \ln \frac{1+e^{3x}}{1-e^{3x}} & \left[\frac{3e^{3x}}{1+e^{3x}} + \frac{3e^{3x}}{1-e^{3x}} \right] \\
(33) \ y = \ln(xe^{3x}) & \left[\frac{1}{x} + 3 \right] \\
(34) \ y = \sqrt{\ln(1-2x)} & \left[-\frac{1}{(1-2x)\sqrt{\ln(1-2x)}} \right] \\
(35) \ y = \frac{e^x}{\ln x} & \left[\frac{e^x(x \ln x - 1)}{x \ln^2 x} \right] \\
(36) \ y = (1+10^{\ln x})^3 & \left[\frac{3(1+10^{\ln x})^2 (10^{\ln x}) \ln 10}{x} \right]
\end{array}$$

2. จงหาอนุพันธ์ของฟังก์ชันต่อไปนี้ (ฟังก์ชันตรีโกณมิติและฟังก์ชันตรีโกณมิติผกผัน)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(1) \ f(x) = \cos(3x^2 + 1) & \left[-6x \sin(3x^2 + 1) \right] \\
(2) \ f(x) = \sin 3x \cos 3x & \left[3 \cos 6x \right] \\
(3) \ f(x) = 2 \sin \sqrt{x} & \left[\frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \right] \\
(4) \ f(x) = \tan^3 \sqrt{x} & \left[\frac{3 \tan^2 \sqrt{x} \sec^2 \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} \right] \\
(5) \ f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{2 + \cos x} & \left[\frac{2 \cos x + 1}{(2 + \cos x)^2} \right] \\
(6) \ f(x) = \frac{\operatorname{cosec} x}{\tan x} & \left[-\frac{\operatorname{cosec} x (1 + \sec^2 x)}{\tan^2 x} \right]
\end{array}$$

- (7) $f(x) = \cos \sqrt{3x+7}$ $\left[\frac{-3 \sin \sqrt{3x+7}}{2\sqrt{3x+7}} \right]$
- (8) $f(x) = \tan(4x^2 - x)$ $\left[(8x-1) \sec^2(4x^2 - x) \right]$
- (9) $f(x) = \sec \sqrt{x}$ $\left[\frac{\sec \sqrt{x} \tan \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} \right]$
- (10) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{x-2}$ $\left[\frac{-2 \cos \frac{x}{x-2}}{(x-2)^2} \right]$
- (11) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\tan x + \sin x}$ $\left[-\frac{\sec^2 x + \cos x}{(\tan x + \sin x)^2} \right]$
- (12) $f(x) = \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{cosec} x}$ $\left[\frac{\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x}{2\sqrt{1 - \operatorname{cosec} x}} \right]$
- (13) $f(x) = \sin^3 \sqrt{2x+1}$ $\left[\frac{3 \sin^2 \sqrt{2x+1} \cos \sqrt{2x+1}}{\sqrt{2x+1}} \right]$
- (14) $f(x) = \sqrt{\cos \sqrt{x}}$ $\left[\frac{-\sin \sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{x \cos \sqrt{x}}} \right]$
- (15) $f(x) = \operatorname{cosec}^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{2}{x}$ $\left[\frac{2 \operatorname{cosec}^{\frac{2}{3}} \cot \frac{2}{x}}{3x^2 \operatorname{cosec}^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{2}{x}} \right]$
- (16) $f(x) = \sec^2(x^2)$ $\left[4x \sec^2(x^2) \tan(x^2) \right]$
- (17) $f(x) = \sin^4 2x + \cos^3 x$ $\left[8 \sin^3 2x \cos 2x - 3 \sin x \cos^2 x \right]$
- (18) $f(x) = \sqrt{x - \operatorname{cosec}^2 x}$ $\left[\frac{1 + 2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \cot x}{2\sqrt{x - \operatorname{cosec}^2 x}} \right]$
- (19) $f(x) = \frac{\sin \sqrt{2x}}{x}$ $\left[\frac{x \cos \sqrt{2x} - \sqrt{2x} \sin \sqrt{2x}}{\sqrt{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}} \right]$
- (20) $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{\cot \pi x}$ $\left[\frac{\cot \pi x + \pi(x-1) \operatorname{cosec}^2 \pi x}{\cot^2 \pi x} \right]$
- (21) $f(x) = x^3 \sin x - 5 \cos x$ $\left[x^3 \cos x + (3x^2 + 5) \sin x \right]$
- (22) $f(x) = \frac{\sec x}{1 + \tan x}$ $\left[\frac{(1 + \tan x)(\sec x \tan x) - \sec^3 x}{(1 + \tan x)^2} \right]$
- (23) $f(x) = x - 4 \operatorname{cosec} x + 2 \cot x$ $\left[1 + 4 \operatorname{cosec} x \cot x - 2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \right]$
- (24) $f(x) = \frac{\sin x \sec x}{1 + x \tan x}$ $\left[\frac{1}{(1 + x \tan x)^2} \right]$
- (25) $f(x) = \frac{(x^2 + 1) \cot x}{2 - \cos x \operatorname{cosec} x}$ $\left[\frac{(2 - \cos x \operatorname{cosec} x)[(x^2 + 1)(-\operatorname{cosec}^2 x) + 2x \cot x] - (x^2 + 1) \cot x \operatorname{cosec} x (\cos x \cot x + \sin x)}{(2 - \cos x \operatorname{cosec} x)^2} \right]$
- (26) $f(x) = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\cos x - \sin x}$ $\left[\frac{2(1 + \sin 2x)}{\cos^2 2x} \right]$

- (27) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x}}$ $\left[\frac{\sin x}{|\sin x|(1 + \cos x)} \right]$
- (28) $f(x) = 2x \sin x - (x^2 - 2) \cos x$ $[x^2 \sin x]$
- (29) $f(x) = \sin^{-1} \frac{2x-1}{3}$ $\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2+x-x^2}} \right]$
- (30) $f(x) = \cos^{-1} \frac{x+3}{5}$ $\left[-\frac{1}{\sqrt{16-6x-x^2}} \right]$
- (31) $f(x) = (1+x^2) \tan^{-1} x$ $[2x \tan^{-1} x + 1]$
- (32) $f(x) = x^2 \sec^{-1}(1+x^2)$ $\left[\frac{2x^3}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{2x+x^2}} + 2x \sec^{-1}(1+x^2) \right]$
- (33) $f(x) = \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sin^{-1} 2x}$ $\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-4x^2} \sin^{-1} 2x - 2\sqrt{1-x^2} \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sqrt{1-4x^2} (\sin^{-1} 2x)^2} \right]$
- (34) $f(x) = (\sin^{-1} x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{(1-x^4)} \sin^{-1} x^2} \right]$
- (35) $f(x) = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a}; a > 0$ $\left[\sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a+x}} \right]$
- (36) $f(x) = \cos^{-1} \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}; a > 0$ $\left[\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} \right]$
- (37) $f(x) = \csc^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \sec^{-1} \sqrt{x}$ $[0]$
- (38) $f(x) = x\sqrt{1-x^2} - \cos^{-1} x$ $[2\sqrt{1-x^2}]$
- (39) $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \sec^{-1} x$ $\left[\frac{x|x| - 1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} \right]$
- (40) $f(x) = \cot^{-1} \sqrt{x-1}$ $\left[\frac{-1}{2x\sqrt{x-1}} \right]$
- (41) $f(x) = \cot^{-1} \frac{1}{x} - \tan^{-1} x$ $[0]$
- (42) $f(x) = x \sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{1-x^2}$ $[\sin^{-1} x]$
- (43) $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(\cos x)$ $\left[\frac{-\sin x}{|\sin x|} \right]$
- (44) $f(x) = \tan^{-1}(\csc x)$ $\left[\frac{-\csc x \cot x}{1 + \csc^2 x} \right]$
- (45) $f(x) = \sec^{-1}(\csc x)$ $\left[\frac{-\cos x}{|\cos x|} \right]$
- (46) $f(x) = \sin(\sec^{-1} x)$ $\left[\frac{\cos(\sec^{-1} x)}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} \right]$
- (47) $f(x) = \tan(\cos^{-1} x)$ $\left[\frac{-\sec^2(\cos^{-1} x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right]$
- (48) $f(x) = (\cot^{-1} x^2)^2$ $\left[\frac{-4x \cot^{-1} x^2}{1+x^4} \right]$

3. จงหาอนุพันธ์ของฟังก์ชันต่อไปนี้ (ฟังก์ชันไฮเพอร์โบลิกและฟังก์ชันไฮเพอร์โบลิกผกผัน)

$$(1) \quad f(x) = \sinh(2x+1) \quad [2 \cosh(2x+1)]$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sech} 2x \quad [-\operatorname{sech} 2x \tanh 2x]$$

$$(3) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cot 2x - 2 \tanh \frac{x}{2} \quad [-\operatorname{csch}^2 2x - \operatorname{sech}^2 \frac{x}{2}]$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \frac{\cosh \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \quad \left[\frac{\sqrt{x} \sinh \sqrt{x} - \cosh \sqrt{x}}{2x\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x \quad [2 \sinh 2x]$$

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \tanh^3 2x \quad [6 \tanh^2 2x \operatorname{sech}^2 2x]$$

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{\cosh x}{1 - \sinh x} \quad [(1 - \sinh x)^{-2}]$$

$$(8) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\operatorname{sech} x^2} \quad [-x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech} x^2} \tanh x^2]$$

$$(9) \quad f(x) = \sinh x \cosh x \quad [\coth 2x]$$

$$(10) \quad f(x) = \frac{\cosh x - \sinh x}{\cosh x + \sinh x} \quad [-2e^{-2x}]$$

$$(11) \quad f(x) = (\sinh x + \cosh x)^4 \quad [4e^{4x}]$$

$$(12) \quad f(x) = (\tanh 2x)(1 + \tanh^2 x) \quad [2 \operatorname{sech}^2 x]$$

$$(13) \quad f(x) = x \sinh x - \cosh x \quad [x \cosh x]$$

$$(14) \quad f(x) = \tanh x - \frac{1}{3} \tanh^3 x \quad [\operatorname{sech}^4 x]$$

$$(15) \quad f(x) = \tan^{-1}(\sinh x) \quad [\operatorname{sech} x]$$

$$(16) \quad f(x) = \sin^{-1}(\tanh x) \quad [\operatorname{sech} x]$$

$$(17) \quad f(x) = \frac{\sinh x}{1 + \cosh x} \quad [(1 + \cosh x)^{-1}]$$

$$(18) \quad f(x) = \tanh(\cot x) \quad [-\operatorname{csch}^2 x \operatorname{sech}^2(\cot x)]$$

$$(19) \quad f(x) = \sinh^2 3x - \cosh^2 3x \quad [0]$$

$$(20) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\operatorname{sech} x^2} - \operatorname{sech}^2 \sqrt{x} \quad \left[-\frac{2x \operatorname{sech} x^2 \tanh x^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech} x}} + \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2 \sqrt{x} \tanh \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

$$(21) \quad f(x) = \sinh^{-1} 2x \quad \left[\frac{2}{\sqrt{1+4x^2}} \right]$$

$$(22) \quad f(x) = 2 \cosh^{-1} \sqrt{x} \quad \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x}} \right]$$

$$(23) \quad f(x) = (1-x) \tanh^{-1} x \quad \left[\frac{1}{1+x} - \tanh^{-1} x \right]$$

$$(24) \quad f(x) = (1-x^2) \coth^{-1} x \quad [1 - 2x \coth^{-1} x]$$

$$(25) \quad f(x) = x \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x \quad \left[\frac{1}{-\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x \right]$$

- (26) $f(x) = x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x^2$ $\left[\frac{-2x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} + 2x \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x^2 \right]$
- (27) $f(x) = \coth^{-1} \frac{x-1}{x+1}$ $\left[\frac{1}{2x} \right]$
- (28) $f(x) = \operatorname{sech}^{-1} \sqrt{x+1}; -1 < x < 0$ $\left[-\frac{1}{2(x+1)\sqrt{-x}} \right]$
- (29) $f(x) = (\sinh^{-1} 2x)^3$ $\left[\frac{6(\sinh^{-1} 2x)^2}{\sqrt{1+4x^2}} \right]$
- (30) $f(x) = \cosh^{-1}(\cosh x)$ $[1]$
- (31) $f(x) = \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\tan x)$ $[-\csc x]$
- (32) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh^{-1} x}$ $\left[\frac{-1}{(\sinh^{-1} x)^2 \sqrt{x^2+1}} \right]$
- (33) $f(x) = x \sinh^{-1} x - \sqrt{x^2+1}$ $[\sinh^{-1} x]$
- (34) $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2}$ $[x \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x]$
- (35) $f(x) = \frac{(x^2-1)}{2} \coth^{-1} x + \frac{x}{2}$ $[x \coth^{-1} x]$
- (36) $f(x) = \cosh^{-1}(2x^2+1)$ $\left[\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \right]$
- (37) $f(x) = \tanh^{-1}(x^2+1)$ $\left[-\frac{2}{x(x^2+2)} \right]$
- (38) $f(x) = \sinh x \coth^{-1} x$ $\left[\frac{\sinh x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} + \cosh x \cosh^{-1} x \right]$
- (39) $f(x) = (1+x \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x)^{10}$ $\left[10(1+x \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x)^9 \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1} x - \frac{x}{|x|\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right) \right]$
- (40) $f(x) = \sinh(\cosh^{-1} 3x) + \sinh^{-1}(\cosh x^3)$ $\left[\frac{3 \cosh(\cosh^{-1} 3x)}{\sqrt{9x^2-1}} + \frac{3x^2 \sinh x^3}{\sqrt{\cosh(\cosh^{-1} 3x)}} \right]$
- (41) $f(x) = \frac{2x^2-1}{4} \cosh^{-1} x - \frac{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}{4}$ $[x \cosh^{-1} x]$
- (42) $f(x) = (\sinh^{-1} \sqrt{x})^2 + (\cosh^{-1} \sqrt{x})^2$ $\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \left(\frac{\sinh^{-1} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{\cosh^{-1} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-1}} \right) \right]$

4. จงหาอนุพันธ์ของฟังก์ชันต่อไปนี้ (การหาอนุพันธ์โดยอาศัยลอการิทึมธรรมชาติ $\ln$)

- (1) $y = \frac{x\sqrt{1-x}}{(x+2)(x-3)}$ $\left[\frac{x\sqrt{1-x}}{(x+2)(x-3)} \left[\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2(1-x)} - \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x-3} \right] \right]$
- (2) $y = \frac{\sqrt[3]{(x+1)^2}}{x^4(3-4x)^2}$ $\left[\frac{\sqrt[3]{(x+1)^2}}{x^4(3-4x)^2} \left[\frac{2}{3(x+1)} - \frac{4}{x} + \frac{8}{3-4x} \right] \right]$
- (3) $y = \frac{(x-1)^2 \sqrt{3x+4}}{x+2}$ $\left[\frac{(x-1)^2 \sqrt{3x+4}}{x+2} \left[\frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{3}{2(3x+4)} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right] \right]$
- (4) $y = \sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{(x-3)^3}}$ $\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{(x-3)^3}} \left[\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{3}{x-3} \right] \right]$

- (5) $y = (x^2 + 1)^3 (x^3 - 1)^5 (x^5 + 1)^7$ $\int (x^2 + 1)^3 (x^3 - 1)^5 (x^5 + 1)^7 \left[\frac{6x}{x^2 + 1} + \frac{15x^2}{x^3 - 1} + \frac{35x^4}{x^5 + 1} \right] dx$
- (6) $y = \frac{(2x+3)^2 (x-4)^3}{(7x-2)^4 (x^2+2x)^5}$ $\int \frac{(2x+3)^2 (x-4)^3}{(7x-2)^4 (x^2+2x)^5} \left[\frac{4}{2x+3} + \frac{3}{x-4} - \frac{28}{7x-2} - \frac{10x+10}{x^2+2x} \right] dx$
- (7) $y = x^3 e^{-2x} \ln x$ $\int x^2 e^{-2x} (3 - 2x) \ln(x+1) dx$
- (8) $y = \frac{e^x \sin 2x}{x}$ $\int x^{-2} e^x [(x-1) \sin 2x + 2x \cos 2x] dx$
- (9) $y = \frac{\sin x \cos 2x}{\sec x}$ $\int \cos 4x dx$
- (10) $y = \sqrt{\frac{\sin 3x}{1 - \sin 3x}}$ $\int \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\sin 3x}{1 - \sin 3x}} \left(\frac{3 \cot 3x}{1 - \sin 3x} \right) dx$
- (11) $y = \frac{e^x (1+x)^2}{\sqrt{(1-x)^3}}$ $\int \frac{e^x (1+x)(9-x-2x^2)}{2\sqrt{(1-x)^5}} dx$
- (12) $y = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{2x+1}}{(x-3)^2}$ $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{2x+1}}{(x-3)^2} \left[\frac{3}{x} + \frac{1}{2x+1} - \frac{2}{x-3} \right] dx$
- (13) $y = \frac{(x-1)^5 (x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{x^3-5x^2+6x}}$ $\int \frac{(x-1)^5 (x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{x^3-5x^2+6x}} \left[\frac{5}{x-1} + \frac{4x}{3(x^2+1)} - \frac{3x^2-10x+6}{2(x^3-5x^2+6x)} \right] dx$
- (14) $y = \frac{x^2 e^x}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$ $\int \frac{x^2 e^x}{2\sqrt{x+1}} \left[\frac{2}{x} + 1 - \frac{1}{2(x+1)} \right] dx$
- (15) $y = \frac{\sin x \cos x}{e^x 2^x}$ $\int \frac{\sin x \cos x}{e^x 2^x} [\cot x - \tan x - 1 - \ln 2] dx$
- (16) $y = \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{4-3x^2}}$ $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{4-3x^2}} \left[\frac{3x}{4-3x^2} - \tan x \right] dx$
- (17) $y = \sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x+3} \sqrt[5]{3x-2}$ $\int \sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x+3} \sqrt[5]{3x-2} \left[\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3(x+3)} + \frac{3}{5(3x-2)} \right] dx$
- (18) $y = x \sqrt[3]{1+x^2}$ $\int x \sqrt[3]{1+x^2} \left[\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2x}{3(1+x^2)^2} \right] dx$
- (19) $y = \frac{(x^2-8)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^6-7x+5}$ $\int \frac{(x^2-8)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^6-7x+5} \left[\frac{2x}{3(x^2-8)} + \frac{3x^2}{2(x^3+1)} - \frac{6x^5-7}{x^6-7x+5} \right] dx$
- (20) $y = \sqrt{\frac{2x-1}{x^2+1}}$ $\int \sqrt{\frac{2x-1}{x^2+1}} \left[\frac{1}{2x-1} - \frac{x}{x^2+1} \right] dx$
- (21) $y = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x+1}}{\sin x \sec x}$ $\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x+1}}{\sin x \sec x} \left[\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3(x+1)} - \cot x - \tan x \right] dx$
- (22) $y = \sqrt[5]{\frac{1-x^3}{1+3x^2}}$ $\int \frac{1}{5} \sqrt[5]{\frac{1-x^3}{1+3x^2}} \left[\frac{3x^2}{1-x^3} - \frac{6x}{1+3x^2} \right] dx$
- (23) $y = \frac{\sin x \cos^2 x \tan^3 x}{\sqrt{x}}$ $\int \frac{\sin x \cos^2 x \tan^3 x}{\sqrt{x}} \left[\cot x - 2 \tan x + \frac{3 \sec^2 x}{\tan x} - \frac{1}{2x} \right] dx$
- (24) $y = (\cos x)^x - x^{\cos x}$ $\int [(\cos x)^x (\ln(\cos x) - x \tan x) + x^{\cos x} \left[\frac{\cos x}{x} - (\ln x) \sin x \right]] dx$

$$(25) \quad y = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2}(1-x)\sin^3 x \cos^2 x}{1+x^2} \quad \left[\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2}(1-x)\sin^3 x \cos^2 x}{1+x^2} \left(\frac{2}{3x} - \frac{1}{1-x} + 3 \cot x - 2 \tan x + \frac{2x}{1-x^2} \right) \right]$$

$$(26) \quad y = \frac{e^{2x}(2x-1)^6}{(x^3+5)^2(4-7x)} \quad \left[\frac{e^{2x}(2x-1)^6}{(x^3+5)^2(4-7x)} \left(2 + \frac{12}{2x-1} - \frac{6x^2}{x^3+5} + \frac{7}{4-7x} \right) \right]$$

5. จงหาอนุพันธ์ของฟังก์ชันต่อไปนี้

$$(1) \quad f(x) = \ln(\sin 5x) \quad [5 \cot 5x]$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = \ln \left(\cot \frac{x}{2} \right) \quad [-\operatorname{cosec} x]$$

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (\sin x^2)^{4x} \quad [(\sin x^2)^{4x} [8x^2 \cot x^2 + 4 \ln(\sin x^2)]]$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = 3^x \sec x \quad [(3^x \sec x)(\ln 3 + \tan x)]$$

$$(5) \quad f(x) = x \ln(\operatorname{cosec}^2 x) \quad [-2x \cot x + \ln(\operatorname{cosec}^2 x)]$$

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \sec x \operatorname{cosec} x \ln(\cot x) \quad [\sec x \operatorname{cosec} x (\tan x \ln \cot x - \cot x \ln \cot x - \tan x \operatorname{cosec}^2 x)]$$

$$(7) \quad f(x) = e^x \cot^{-1} \sqrt{x} \quad \left[-\frac{e^x}{2(1+x)\sqrt{x}} + e^x \cot^{-1} \sqrt{x} \right]$$

$$(8) \quad f(x) = a^x \arcsin 2x \quad \left[\frac{2a^x}{\sqrt{1-4x^2}} + (a^x \ln a) \arcsin 2x \right]$$

$$(9) \quad f(x) = \operatorname{arccosec}(\ln x^2) \quad \left[-\frac{2}{x |\ln x^2| \sqrt{(\ln x^2)^2 - 1}} \right]$$

$$(10) \quad f(x) = \tan(\arcsin \sqrt{x}) \quad \left[\frac{\sec^2(\arcsin \sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x(1-x)}} \right]$$

$$(11) \quad f(x) = e^x \operatorname{csch} x^2 \quad [e^x \operatorname{csch} x^2 (1 - 2x \coth x^2)]$$

$$(12) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\cosh(\ln x)} \quad \left[\frac{\sinh(\ln x)}{2x \sqrt{\cosh(\ln x)}} \right]$$

$$(13) \quad f(x) = x^{\sinh x} \quad \left[x^{\sinh x} \left(\frac{\sinh x}{x} + \ln x \cosh x \right) \right]$$

$$(14) \quad f(x) = \ln \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \right) \quad \left[\frac{2}{\cos x} \right]$$

$$(15) \quad f(x) = x \tan \frac{x}{2} + 2 \ln \left(\cos \frac{x}{2} \right) \quad \left[\frac{x}{1 + \cos x} \right]$$

$$(16) \quad f(x) = x + \ln |\sin x - \cos x| \quad \left[\frac{2 \tan x}{\tan x - 1} \right]$$

$$(17) \quad f(x) = \ln \left| \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right| - \operatorname{cosec} x \quad [\operatorname{cosec}^2 x \sec x]$$

$$(18) \quad f(x) = \ln x - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x^2) - \frac{\arctan x}{x} \quad \left[\frac{\arctan x}{x^2} \right]$$

$$(19) \quad f(x) = x \ln(1+x^2) - 2x + 2 \arctan x \quad [\ln(1+x^2)]$$

$$(20) \quad f(x) = x \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{a}{2} \log_e(x^2 + a^2); \quad a > 0 \quad \left[\arctan \frac{x}{a} \right]$$